WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. A wavelength division multiplexing (WDM) light source, comprising:
- a Fabry-Perot laser for injecting spectrum-spliced incoherent light to amplify and
- 5 output only an oscillation mode matching with a wavelength of the injected light; and
 - a bias controlling unit for adjusting a bias current supplied to the Fabry-Perot laser to a value adjacent to a threshold current of the Fabry-Perot laser, whose threshold current is changed according to a temperature and a relationship between the injected light changed depending to a temperature and a wavelength of the oscillation mode.

10

- 2. A WDM light source a coording to claim 1, wherein the bias controlling unit comprises:
- a threshold current sensor for sensing the threshold current of the Fabry-Perot laser; and
- a bias controller for a djusting the bias current supplied to the Fabry-Perot laser depending on the sensed threshold current.
- 3. A WDM light source according to claim 1, wherein the bias controlling unit controls the bias current supplied to the Fabry-Perot laser to have a value between at least20 one half and at most one and half of the threshold current of the Fabry-Perot laser.

- 4. A WDM light source according to claim 2, wherein the threshold current sensor includes an optical power sensor for sensing the threshold current of the Fabry-Perot laser based on a change of optical power of the Fabry-Perot laser.
- 5 S. A WDM light source according to claim 2, wherein the threshold current sensor includes an impedance sensor for sensing the threshold current of the Fabry-Perot laser based on a change of impedance of the Fabry-Perot laser.
- 6. A WDM light source according to claim 2, wherein the threshold current sensorincludes both a temperature sensor for sensing a working temperature of the Fabry-Perot laser and a lookup table.
 - 7. A wavelength division multiplexing (WDM) light source comprising:
 - a light source;

1

- a Fabry-Perot laser for suppressing an oscillation mode mismatched with a wavelength of injected light and for amplifying and outputting only an oscillation mode matching with the wavelength of the injected light;
- a wavelength division multiplexer for spectrum-splicing light, which is generated from the light source, to provide the spectrum-spliced light to the Fabry-Perot laser as injecting light, and for multiplexing a wavelength-locked signal wavelength-locked by the Fabry-Perot laser;
 - a circulator for inputting the light generated from the light source into the

wavelength division multiplexer, and for outputting a multiplexed signal multiplexed by the wavelength division multiplexer to a transmission link;

a threshold current sensor for sensing a threshold current of the Fabry-Perot laser, whose threshold current is changed according to a temperature; and

- a bias controlling unit for adjusting a bias current supplied to the Fabry-Perot laser to a value adjacent to the threshold current according to the sensed threshold current.
 - 8. A method for maintaining wavelength-locking of a Fabry-Perot laser regardless of a change of external temperature, the method comprising the steps of:
- (a) measuring a threshold current of the Fabry-Perot laser, whose threshold current is changed according to a temperature and a relationship between injected light changed depending to a temperature and a wavelength of oscillation mode;
 - (b) supplying a bias current having a value adjacent to the threshold current to the Fabry-Perot laser; and
- 15 (c) injecting spectrum-spliced incoherent light into the Fabry-Perot laser.
 - 9. A method according to claim 8, wherein the bias current supplied to the Fabry-Perot laser has a value between at least one half and at most one and half of the threshold current of the Fabry-Perot laser.

20

10. A method according to claim 8, wherein step a is carried out by measuring a change of optical power of the Fabry-Perot laser.

- 11. A method according to claim 8, wherein step a is carried out by measuring a change of impedance of the Fabry-Perot laser.
- 12. A method for maintaining wavelength-locking of a Fabry-Perot laser regardless
 5 of a change of external temperature, the method comprising the steps of:
 - (a) measuring a threshold current of the Fabry-Perot laser accor, whose threshold current is changed according to various temperatures and a relationship between injected light changed depending to a temperature and a wavelength of oscillation mode;
- (b) converting the temperature and the threshold current corresponding to the 10 temperature into data and for storing the data;
 - (c) measuring a working temperature of the Fabry-Perot laser;
 - (d) supplying a bias current to the Fabry-Perot laser using the stored data, the bias current having a value adjacent to a threshold current corresponding to the working temperature of the Fabry-Perot laser; and
- (e) injecting spectrum-spliced incoherent light into the Fabry-Perot laser.
 - 13. A method according to claim 12, wherein the bias current supplied to the Fabry-Perot laser has a value between at least one half and at most one and half of the threshold current of the Fabry-Perot laser.